Example 5

Replication towards return or fall-through

#	without replication	favor returns	favor loops
1	L83 NZ=B[a[2]]?0; PC=NZ==0,L02;	NZ=B[a[2]]?0; PC=NZ==0,L02;	NZ=B[a[2]]?0; PC=NZ==0,L02;
2	b[0]=B[a[2]++]; NZ=b[0]?99; PC=NZ==0,L90;	L09 b[0]=B[a[2]++]; NZ=b[0]?99; PC=NZ==0,L90;	L09 b[0]=B[a[2]++]; NZ=b[0]?99; PC=NZ==0,L90;
	...	...	L08 ...
3		NZ=B[a[2]]?0; PC=NZ!=0,L09;	NZ=B[a[2]]?0; PC=NZ==0,L02;
4	PC=L83;	a[6]=UK; PC=RT;	b[0]=B[a[2]++]; NZ=b[0]?99; PC=NZ!=0,L08;
5	L90 ...	L90 ...	L90 ...
6	L02 a[6]=UK; PC=RT;	L02 a[6]=UK; PC=RT;	L02 a[6]=UK; PC=RT;

Measurements (cont.)

Percent of Instructions that are Unconditional Branches

		static			dynamic		
		SIMPLE	LOOPS	JUMPS	SIMPLE	LOOPS	JUMPS
Sun SPARC	average	3.74%	2.40%	0.03%	3.28%	1.89%	0.10%
	std.deviation	1.78%	1.99%	0.12%	2.71%	2.56%	0.30%
Motorola 68020	average	5.08%	3.42%	0.04%	4.14%	2.47%	0.13%
	std.deviation	2.49%	2.83%	0.15%	3.48%	3.36%	0.43%

Measurements (cont.)

Percent Change in Miss Ratio and Instruction Fetch Cost for Direct-Mapped Caches

	cache size	1Kb		2Kb		4Kb		8Kb	
processor	context sw.	LOOPS	JUMPS	LOOPS	JUMPS	LOOPS	JUMPS	LOOPS	JUMPS
		Cache Miss Ratio							
Sun SPARC	on	-0.05%	+1.07%	-0.22%	-0.07%	+0.03%	+0.25%	+0.01%	+0.11%
	off	-0.03%	+1.07%	-0.22%	-0.08%	+0.03%	+0.21%	+0.01%	+0.07%
Motorola 68020	on	+0.08%	+1.26%	+0.04%	+0.75%	+0.01%	+0.09%	+0.01%	+0.07%
	off	+0.08%	+1.25%	+0.03%	+0.70%	+0.01%	+0.05%	+0.01%	+0.03%
		Instruction Fetch Cost							
Sun SPARC	on	-2.73%	+3.44%	-3.80%	-5.24%	-2.26%	-2.94%	-2.40%	-3.98%
	off	-2.64%	+3.68%	-3.87%	-5.33%	-2.24%	-3.13%	-2.47%	-4.30%
Motorola 68020	on	-3.07%	+1.69%	-3.26%	-0.63%	-3.58%	-5.13%	-3.57%	-5.30%
	off	-3.04%	+1.86%	-3.28%	-0.71%	-3.61%	-5.48%	-3.60%	-5.66%

*fetch cost = cache hits * cache access time + cache misses * miss penalty*

Moving Unconditional Jumps out of Loops

jump could be moved to the loop exit when it can't be avoided