

Working with Basic Unix Commands

Due: 6/3/16 at 11:59:59 PM

Objective

In this assignment you will be asked to show your ability to accomplish tasks with some basic Unix commands and to work with the Pico (or Nano) editor (or VI or Emacs if you choose).

Requirements - READ ME.

You will complete this homework assignment in a TEXT FILE. No other types of file submissions will be accepted. A .docx or .rtf file is NOT a text file.

You should complete this assignment using the SSH Secure Shell to log into **shell.cs.fsu.edu** or **linprog**. You'll submit your program from the machine: **linprog@cs.fsu.edu**.

For questions 2-4, you will need to actually perform the commands on your CS account, and then copy your text from the SSH window into the document (a text file) that you will turn in. Each part of questions 2-4 should be performed with one command.

Note that you are expected to copy all relevant portions of text of your Unix session for each question into your file that you'll submit. This includes:

- the **command(s)** that you type to perform a task
- Any console **output** from those commands (the output from a directory listing, for example)
- Make sure that you include ALL commands you used to do a task. This includes any commands you have to type to move to a specific directory. Make sure your pasted text makes it clear **where** you are or have moved to, if you get to a step that requires you to change your working directory. Failure to do so will lose points for that question.

Question 1 (10 points) - Answer the following simple questions.

- a. Name 2 pieces of hardware in a computer and explain their importance/use.
- b. Assuming a file called file1.txt already has been created in your current directory, how would you open and edit that file using the pico (or nano) editor? (What's the exact command you'd type?)
- c. Write down the pico/nano command that will:
 1. Uncut selected text.
 2. Exit.
 3. Save the file.
 4. Cut selected text.
 5. Move forward one page.
- d. Name 2 commonly used shells in Unix, and also name the one that we use (by default) when we're logged into our Computer Science accounts.

Question 2 (10 points) - Manipulate directory structures (starting from your home directory).

- a. Perform a command that displays the absolute path of your home directory (your current location).
- b. Create a new directory inside your home directory and name it COP3353-hw1
- c. Without moving into the directory you just made (staying in your home directory), create two new directories using one command inside of the COP3353-hw1 directory, and name them assign1 and assign2.
- d. Now, navigate to the COP3353-hw1 directory.
- e. Create two new files without opening any text editor using one command inside of the COP3353-hw1 directory, and name them file1 and file2.
- f. Display the contents of your current working directory (the directory COP3353-hw1).
- g. Delete the directory assign2.
- h. Display the contents again of the directory COP3353-hw1, this time using the long listing format.

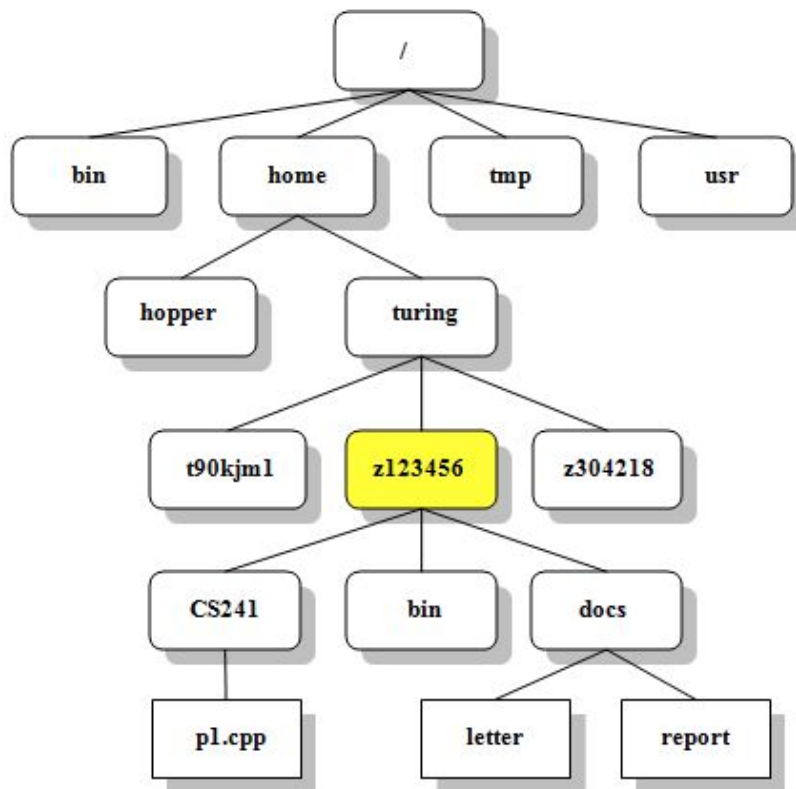
Question 3 (10 points) - Manipulate files. Starting from the COP3353-hw1 directory you created in Q 2.

- a. Change your current working directory to assign1.
- b. Create a new directory (inside of the assign1 directory) called Files
- c. Create a new file (inside of the assign1 directory) called MyFile.txt using the touch command.
- d. Write a command to open the file MyFile.txt in a text editor of your choice.
Insert two lines into the file (which you'll display in part e).
 - o The first line should be a sentence that tells me your favorite sports team.
 - o The second line should be a sentence that tells me your favorite food.
 - o Then save your text file and exit out of the text editor.
- e. Write a command to display the contents of the file MyFile.txt to standard output (the screen).
- f. Copy the file MyFile.txt to directory Files and rename the copy to aboutme.txt (There is a way to do this with one command - try to figure it out!)
- g. Change your working directory to Files.
- h. Make a copy of aboutme.txt with the name aboutme2.txt (in the same directory).
- i. Display the contents of the directory Files using the long listing format.
- j. Delete the file aboutme.txt in the directory Files.
- k. Display the contents of the directory Files.
- l. Use a command to display the absolute path of your current working directory (Files)

Question 4 (10 points) - Manipulate files using wildcards. Starting from the Files directory you created in Question 3.

- a. Change your current working directory to COP3353-hw1. (Stay in this directory for the rest of the steps in question 4)
- b. Create a new directory called assign3 in your current working directory.
- c. Create 7 new files using ONE COMMAND (in directory COP3353-hw1) named as follows:
 - unix.txt
 - thisStuff.bak
 - wumbo.file
 - wumbology.txt
 - moreThings.woot
 - doodad.text
 - coursetxt
- d. Display a listing of all the files in the current working directory.
- e. Display a listing of all the files in the current working directory ending in txt using one command. (NOTE: txt is not equal to .txt)
- f. Display a listing of all the files in the current working directory ending in t using one command.
- g. Copy all the files containing "wumbo" to the directory assign3 using one command.
- h. Display a listing of the contents of the directory assign3, without navigating to the directory.

Use the following graphic for question 5.



Question 5 (10 points) - Filenames (relative, absolute) and their paths. Assume z123456 is your home directory (~), and your current working directory is hopper.

(Note you're no longer performing commands on your account for this question).

(1pt ea) Write the **absolute pathnames** for:

- a. letter
- b. usr
- c. CS241
- d. z304218

(1pt ea) **Relative** to where you are located (hopper directory), write the pathname that would refer to the following directories (relative pathname):

- e. docs
- f. bin (the one inside of your home directory)
- g. bin (the one inside of /)

(3pts) Write **3 different ways** (using 3 different pathnames, one relative, one absolute, and one

that uses ~) to navigate with the cd command to:
h. report

Format of the Assignment:

The submitted assignment document is expected to be in plain text format in a single file, named this way: `assign1_lastname_firstname.txt`

where you substitute your own last name and first name in the filename, in the format above. For instance, my file would be `assign1_vastola_melina.txt`. The assignment file should be formatted as follows:

COP3353 - Spring 2016
Assignment 1 Solution - Due <Due Date>
Name: <Firstname> <Last Name>

Question 1 (10 points):

<Your solution >

Question 2 (10 points):

<Your solution >
(etc) ...

Submitting

Make sure you are logged into **linprog.cs.fsu.edu** and the file you want to submit is stored in your ***current working directory***.

To submit, type the following command:
`~vastola/usub/submit1 <filename>`

where you substitute your filename above as the parameter.
Example -- if my file is called `assign1_vastola_melina.txt`, I would type:
`~vastola/usub/submit1 assign1_vastola_melina.txt`

This will run a script and a C++ program that copies your file into a submission directory. The program will also give you feedback at the end -- it will display the contents of the file you just submitted to standard output. This will allow you to check to make sure that what you submitted was correct.