Computer Networks

Programming Assignment 1

Toal points: 50

Due Date: April 17th, 2025, 11:59 PM

In this assignment, you will create a two-player Connect 4 game that runs over the network. One machine will act as the server, and another will act as the client. The client moves first. Once a move is made, the server makes the next move, and so forth. The game continues until either a player wins (four pieces in a row) or the board is full (tie).

You are provided with two skeleton C++ files:

- **server_skeleton.cpp** Contains all the game logic (initializing the board, dropping pieces, checking for wins/ties, printing the board) plus placeholders for the server-side network logic.
- **client_skeleton.cpp** Contains all the logic needed for the client's user interaction and placeholders for the client-side network logic.

Your task is to implement the socket programming portions so that:

- The server program:
 - Creates a listening socket on a specified port.
 - Accepts incoming client connections.
 - After accepting a connection, handles the moves by reading/writing data to the client.
 - Closes the connection when the game ends (win/tie).
 - Waits for the next client connection, repeating indefinitely.
- The client program:
 - Connects to the server at the specified hostname/IP and port.
 - Receives the board state and commands from the server.
 - Sends the user's moves (the column in which to drop a piece) back to the server.
 - Displays the result when the game ends and then closes.

Detailed Notes on Each Required Socket Call

Below is a concise list of what functions you should use, why, and their parameters. You will place these calls in the TODO sections of **server_skeleton.cpp** and **client_skeleton.cpp**:

- socket(domain, type, protocol)
 - What it does: Creates an endpoint for network communication.
 - o Typical usage: int sock = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);

- **Why:** We want an IPv4 stream-based (TCP) socket.
- Parameters:
 - domain = AF_INET (IPv4)
 - type = SOCK_STREAM (TCP)
 - protocol = 0 (auto-select for TCP)
- bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&addr, sizeof(addr)) (server side)
 - What it does: Assigns a local protocol address (IP + port) to the socket.
 - Why: So that the operating system knows on which port your server is listening.
 - **Parameters:**
 - sockfd is your socket file descriptor.
 - (struct sockaddr*)&addr is the pointer to a sockaddr_in struct containing sin_family = AF_INET, sin_port = <your port>, sin addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY (for "any local address").
 - sizeof(addr) is the size of that structure.
- listen(sockfd, backlog) (server side)
 - What it does: Tells the socket to go into listening mode for incoming connection requests.
 - **Why:** In a TCP server, you must first bind to a port, then instruct the OS to queue connection requests.
 - Parameters:
 - sockfd is your bound socket descriptor.
 - backlog is how many pending connections the OS should queue.
- accept(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&client_addr, &client_len) (server side)
 - What it does: Blocks until a client attempts to connect, then returns a new socket descriptor for data exchange with that client.
 - **Why:** Accepting a connection is how you retrieve an actual data channel for a single client.
 - **Parameters:**
 - sockfd is the "listening" socket.
 - (struct sockaddr*)&client_addr is a pointer to a structure that will be filled with the client's address.
 - &client_len is the size of that address structure.
- connect(sockfd, (struct sockaddr*)&server_addr, sizeof(server_addr)) (client side)
 - What it does: Initiates a connection to a server.
 - Why: The client must connect to the server's IP + port.
 - **Parameters:**
 - sockfd is your newly created client socket.
 - (struct sockaddr*)&server_addr is the server's IP/port.
 - sizeof(server_addr) is the size of that structure.
- recv(sockfd, buffer, bufsize, flags)
 - What it does: Reads data from the socket into buffer.
 - Why: You use recv() to get messages (board states, commands, etc.) from the other side.
 - **Parameters:**

- sockfd is the connected socket (from accept() on the server side or connect() on the client side).
- buffer is where you want to store the incoming bytes.
- bufsize is how many bytes max you can store in buffer.
- flags can usually be 0 for a blocking read.
- send(sockfd, buffer, bufsize, flags)
 - What it does: Writes data in buffer out over the connected socket.
 - Why: You use send() to send messages (board updates, commands, etc.) to the other side.
 - Parameters:
 - sockfd is the connected socket.
 - buffer is the data you want to send.
 - bufsize is how many bytes you want to send from that buffer.
 - flags can usually be 0 for a standard blocking send.
- close(sockfd)
 - What it does: Closes the socket. No further data can be sent or received on this file descriptor.
 - Why: When a game finishes or you're shutting down the server, you must close.
 - Parameters:
 - sockfd is the socket you want to close.

Environment and Execution Details

Important: Your programs must compile and run on one of the school servers listed below. For example, if the server is running on **linprog7.cs.fsu.edu** with port **55000**, then the client should be run with the parameters: 128.186.120.191 55000

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The available school servers are:

- linprog8.cs.fsu.edu Address: 128.186.120.192
- linprog5.cs.fsu.edu Address: 128.186.120.189
- **linprog2.cs.fsu.edu** Address: 128.186.120.158
- linprog6.cs.fsu.edu Address: 128.186.120.190
- **linprog4.cs.fsu.edu** Address: 128.186.120.181
- linprog1.cs.fsu.edu Address: 128.186.120.188
- **linprog3.cs.fsu.edu** Address: 128.186.120.186

• **linprog7.cs.fsu.edu** Address: 128.186.120.191

What to Turn In

1. Completed server.cpp:

- All networking TODO parts filled in.
- Must compile and run correctly on your system.
- Must allow multiple consecutive client connections (one game ends, wait for the next connection).

2. Completed client.cpp:

- All networking TODO parts filled in.
- Must compile and run correctly, connecting to the server, playing a game, and then exiting.

3. A project report:

• That includes a summary of the commands and arguments you used for each executable, any issues and difficulties, and the description of your testing of your program.

Compilation and Testing

Your two C++ files must pass the following compilation commands on the FSU linprog servers:

- Compile the server: g++ -o server Server.cpp
- Compile the client: g++ -o client Client.cpp

You must be able to play the game using two terminal windows, one running the server executable and one running the client executable.

Grading Criteria (approximate)

- (40%) Correctness of socket calls (creation, binding, listening, acceptance, connecting, etc.).
- (30%) Proper reading/writing of data (adhering to the simple text-based protocol).
- (10%) Proper error handling (checking return values of system calls).
- (10%) Code readability and comments.
- (10%) Ability to handle multiple games in sequence on the server side.

Note: A program that cannot compile will receive no more than **15 points**. Make sure your code compiles on one of the school servers before submission.